

IT GOT THEM ALL

Not a Senator Votes Against the Behring Sea Treaty

IT WAS UNANIMOUSLY RATIFIED

Satisfied With Salisbury's Latest Proposal, the Renewal of the Modus Vivendi Will Not Be Awaited.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Seventy-two senators Tuesday afternoon went on record in favor of ratifying the arbitration treaty. There was no vote against it. None of the sixteen senators who were absent had asked to be paired against the treaty. Two amendments were adopted, but they were not material. One provides that the arguments and the proceedings before the arbitrators shall be in the English language. The other lengthens the time for the arbitrators to give their decision from three months to the period of four months after the arguments of counsel are closed. Both these suggestions come from Lord Salisbury through Sir Julian Pauncefote.

The Modus Vivendi.

It is significant of the change in the sentiment of the senate that not only was no proviso adopted regarding the modus vivendi, but a declaratory resolution indorsing the position of the administration was not thought necessary. This change was largely due to the altered tone of Lord Salisbury's last note. After declaring that he would not consent to a renewal of the modus vivendi, he therein consents to it under conditions that can be satisfactorily arranged. This was really arranging a cushion to ease the British premier's fall. Some of the senators voted for the treaty with misgivings as to the outcome, yet they did not see how the United States could justify itself before the world if it rejected arbitration. Besides, it might have been taken as showing a lack of confidence in its own case.

After the ratification of the treaty the senate officially notified the president of its action. Secretary Blaine will formally communicate this action to the British minister at once and there will be no delay in exchanging ratifications between the two governments.

The Arbitrators.

The next thing will be the selection of the arbitrators and agents or counsel for the two countries in interest. Ex-Minister E. J. Phelps will be the counsel for the United States. Ex-Senator John C. Spooner, of Wisconsin, will be one of the arbitrators unless he declines. The other one is not settled on. If he were willing to serve ex-Secretary Bayard might be chosen. Mr. Edmunds, John W. Foster, Frederick R. Coudert and William M. Everts are among the others whose names are discussed.

The British government will take one of its arbitrators from England and one from Canada. It cannot yet be named what "jurists of distinguished reputation" the respective governments of France, Italy, and Sweden and Norway will select. It will be about six months before the arbitration tribunal can formally organize and begin its sittings in Paris.

Salisbury's Proposal Accepted.

It is understood that the cabinet at its meeting Tuesday practically agreed to accept Lord Salisbury's proposition for a renewal of last year's modus vivendi, with certain limitations, with the character of damages to be left to the determination of the arbitrators. It is expected that the president will communicate his views on the subject to Sir Julian Pauncefote in a few days.

Provisions of the Treaty.

The Behring sea arbitration treaty or convention was signed in Washington on February 23 last by James G. Blaine on the part of the United States and Julian Pauncefote on the part of Great Britain. It was sent to the senate in conference on the 28th inst. The treaty provides that the Behring sea controversy shall be submitted to a tribunal of arbitration, to be composed of seven arbitrators, the president of the United States and her Britannic majesty to name two each and the president of France, the king of Italy and the king of Sweden and Norway to name one each. The arbitrators are to be distinguished jurists in their respective countries, and the treaty provides that they shall meet in Paris within twenty days after the delivery of the counter claims or what might be called evidence in rebuttal. The president of the two parties, accompanied by documents, official correspondence and other evidence, is to be delivered in duplicate to each arbitrator and to the agents of each high contracting party as soon as possible after the appointment of the tribunal but within a period not exceeding three months (extended by the senate to four months) from the exchange of the ratification of the treaty. Within the next three months, unless more time is required, the counter claims are to be delivered. The arbitrators are commissioned to "proceed impartially and carefully to examine and decide the questions that have been or shall be laid before them." All questions considered by the tribunal, including the final decision, are to be determined by a majority of the arbitrators.

Five Questions for the Arbitrators.

These are:

1. What exclusive jurisdiction in the sea now known as the Behring sea and what exclusive rights in the seal fisheries therein did Russia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the question of Alaska to the United States?

2. How far were these claims of jurisdiction to the seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain?

3. Was the body of water now known as the Behring sea, known in the phrase "Pacific ocean," as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia, and what rights, if any, in the Behring sea were held and exercised by Russia prior and up to the time of the question of Alaska to the United States?

4. Did not all the rights of Russia as to jurisdiction and so to the seal fisheries in Behring sea east of the water boundary in the treaty between the United States and Russia of the 28th of March, 1887, pass on transfer to the United States under that treaty?

5. Has the United States any right, and if so, what right of protection or property in the fur seals frequenting the islands of the United States in Behring sea when such seals are found outside the ordinary limits?

Other Duties.

If the arbitrators find the concurrence of Great Britain is necessary to the establishment of regulations for the proper protection and preservation of the fur seal in Behring sea, the arbitrators shall then determine what concurrent regulations outside the jurisdictional limits of the respective governments are necessary, and over what waters such regulations should extend. The high contracting parties also agree to cooperate in securing the attention of other powers to such regulations.

INSULTED THE KAISER.

Sent to Prison for Two Years—An Insulted Workman Makes an Excellent Example in a Berlin Court.

Berlin, March 30.—A very exciting scene occurred Tuesday in a courtroom in this city. The occasion was the trial of a workman who had been taken in custody on the charge of having spoken very insultingly of Emperor William. During the entire proceedings in the court the prisoner kept up a continuous stream

of the vilest abuse, including in his tirade Emperor William, the judge before whom he was being tried and other officials who had excited his animosity. Despite the stern rebukes of the judge the prisoner continued to revile his supposed enemies, and all the efforts of the court attaches to silence him were in vain. The evidence against the accused man was conclusive, and when all the witnesses had been examined and the case had been closed the judge promptly sentenced him to two years' imprisonment at hard labor.

When the punishment for his offense had been pronounced the prisoner seemed to lose all control of himself. In spite of the watchfulness of the officers who had him in charge he suddenly sprang from his seat and with frightful yells made a desperate onslaught on the persons near him, hitting right and left indiscriminately. Among those attacked were a reporter and the warden of the prison, both of whom were knocked down. In the struggle that ensued one of the warden's fingers was bitten off by the infuriated man, and it was only after a hard fight that the prisoner was overcome and securely manacled.

RACING FOR INDIAN LANDS.

Thousands Rushing Into Oklahoma in Advance of the New Opening.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 30.—Clifford E. Sexl, private secretary to the governor, has just returned from the line of the Cheyenne and Arapahoe reservations. All of the allotments to Indians have been completed, county seats and lines finally located, and other preliminary arrangements made. Everything is now in readiness for the president's proclamation. At El Reno, Kingfisher and Hennessey every hotel and boarding-house is packed, and hundreds are living in temporary sheds and tents. Every incoming train is loaded down. Thousands are coming in wagons. Wagon trains can be seen going in that direction, some of which are a mile in length. A message from one of the villages in the Indian country, 100 miles east of here, says that nearly 500 negroes have passed there coming to the new lands on foot from Arkansas. It is estimated that by April 19th, the date fixed for the opening, fully 50,000 people will be ready to enter the lands. About one-fifth of these will be negroes. The Cheyenne and Arapahoe tribes, who have been allotted lands in this reservation, number 3,500, and none of them are civilized in the least. It has been but a few years since they were openly on the warpath. Over 500 of them are now holding a ghost dance at the Red Hills, north of Fort Reno, and declare their messiah will yet come in time to keep the horde of whites out of their lands.

PERISHED IN A STORM.

A Scotch Woman and Her Son Frozen to Death.

LONDON, March 30.—While a heavy snowstorm was raging Tuesday in the county of Dumfriesshire, Scotland, a woman named Sarah Hamilton, accompanied by her son and daughter, started to walk from a distant point to their home in Sanquhar. The mother and son grew so exhausted that they were unable to go any further, and after several weak but ineffectual attempts to continue on their way they sank into the snow and were soon frozen to death. The girl bore the hardships much better and tried to help her mother and brother along, but her brave efforts were of no avail. Her own strength held out only till she reached home, when rescuing parties at once started to look for the bodies of her mother and brother.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Mr. Dilliver (La.) spoke for over an hour in the house on Tuesday against the free wool bill. Messrs. Harter (O.) and McCrery (Ky.) spoke in its favor. The senate bill making Des Moines, Ia., a port of delivery, was passed. The speaker laid before the house a communication from Roger C. Mills stating that he had sent to the governor of Texas his resignation as representative from the Ninth district of Texas, to take effect at once. The communication was spread upon the journal.

Wisconsin Farmers' Alliance.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., March 30.—The Wisconsin Farmers' Alliance annual convention opened at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, President Butt, of Viroqua, presiding. The attendance was larger than was expected, 124 delegates, representing thirty-six counties, being present. After the appointment of committees adjournment was taken till the afternoon, when the officers delivered short addresses.

Led Killed by a Bursting Wheel.

WHITE BEAR, Minn., March 30.—Jonas Lavalle, 8 years old, stopped on his way to school to watch the operations of a steam wood-sawing machine. The balance wheel burst, a piece striking the lad in the stomach and carrying him 60 feet, completely disemboweling him. The piece that struck him was found a mile and a half distant.

Police Man Will Pay.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The Tribune's dispatch from Indianapolis says that ex-Gov. Porter will probably return to his post in Rome in a short time as United States minister to Italy. Washington advices indicate that the government is willing to pay to the relatives of the men murdered by the New Orleans mob whose Italian citizenship had been proved 100,000 francs as indemnity.

Caused by a Landslide.

MCKEESPORT, Pa., March 30.—A landslide carried a frame dwelling from its foundation on a hillside here, and deposited it on a church below. The house took fire from the overturned stove, and, with the church and half dozen other buildings, was destroyed, causing a total loss of \$50,000, on which there was \$50,000 insurance.

Jumped from a Third-Story Window.

NEW YORK, March 30.—Mrs. Johanna Matson, an Italian woman about 35 years of age, killed herself by jumping from the window of her home on the third floor of the tenement 3 Sullivan street. Her suicide is attributed to remorse for her unfaithfulness to her husband.

Five Men Suffocated.

LARK CHARLES, La., March 30.—Mike Fitzgerald, James Edwards, James Hagen, Pless Hawley and Charles Mountfort, workmen at the sulphur mine, 10 miles west of here, were suffocated by gas at the bottom of an unused well.

PUT OUT OF FRANCE

Forty Anarchist Leaders Ordered Out of France

FOLLOWING THE OUTBREAKS

The City Thrown Into Another Panic by the Explosion of a Bomb in the Credit Lyonnais.

PARIS, March 30.—In accordance with the decision of the government to adopt the most stringent measures to repress the anarchists, orders for their expulsion from France have been communicated to forty of the leading foreign anarchists in Paris. No actual crime is charged against these men, but the authorities are determined to prevent them from committing any violence here. They are known to be hand in glove with the French anarchists and it is believed they will be far less dangerous if they are driven from the country. Several other anarchists who were warned a short time ago to leave France paid no attention to the warning and gave no sign that they intended to depart. They have consequently been taken in charge by the police and conducted to the frontier. The anarchists who have been notified to leave are Italians, Germans, Austrians, Swiss and Belgians. They must leave the country within twenty-four hours.

Paris in a Panic.

PARIS, March 30.—The wildest excitement prevailed Tuesday afternoon when it became known that another dynamite explosion had occurred. This time it was in the building of the Credit Lyonnais, one of the largest banking institutions in the city. It was late in the afternoon when the explosion took place. The streets were crowded at the time and the news flew from mouth to mouth like wildfire. A rush was instantly made for the wrecked building and the streets in its vicinity were in a few minutes literally packed with a terror-stricken and excited crowd. The police, however, got there before the crowd and a cordon was immediately formed about the building and no person was allowed to approach it. The extent of the damage cannot yet be ascertained. The wildest rumors are afloat and it is known that two arrests have been made. Intense terror prevails throughout the city and the people fear to go to their beds, not knowing at what point the dynamites may next operate.

Will Be Shown No Mercy.

Premier Loubet held a conference Tuesday with the chief of the Parisian detective force. It was resolved that the police should not be limited in their stringency of their treatment of suspected dynamiters, and that all arrested on reasonable suspicion should be treated with the utmost rigor allowed by the law.

Property Owners Scared.

The landlords of buildings in which officials believed to be obnoxious to anarchists reside are getting anxious about the safety of their property, and Judge Benoit has received a notice from his landlord to quit. It appears that the landlord had received notices from his other tenants that they would quit if Benoit did not.

SPRINGER WILL NOT SPEAK.

The Free Wool Bill to Be Sent to the Senate Within a Week.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Springer free wool bill will probably be passed by the house and sent to the senate within a week. This is the programme discussed at a series of consultations Tuesday between Speaker Crisp, Mr. McMillin and the democratic members of the ways and means committee and later approved by Chairman Springer. Under the programme contemplated general debate will probably be closed within two or three days and the bill will then be discussed for a brief time under the five-minute rule. At the conclusion of the conference Tuesday morning Chairman Springer, whose physician has all along protested against his design to close the tariff discussion, sent a letter to the acting chairman of the committee announcing that he would not speak on the measure.

WORK OF THE MINTS.

Coins Valued at \$31,329,433 Turned Out in the Ten Months Ended March 1.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The speaker laid before the house Tuesday a letter from the secretary of the treasury showing that from June 30, 1891, to March 1, of the present year, \$31,329,433.75 were coined at the mints of the United States. Of these 1,237,054 pieces were gold, valued at \$19,425,072.50; 34,663,501 were silver, valued at \$10,914,904.65, and \$6,821,900 were 5 and 1 cent pieces, valued at \$699,357. The secretary in addition states that a new building should be erected for the mint at Philadelphia, which is too small and insecure.

Restriction of Oleomargarine.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Mr. Hatch (Mo.), from the committee on agriculture, reported to the house a bill designed to make oleomargarine manufactured in one state or territory for shipment into another subject to the laws and restrictions of the state and territory into which it is shipped. Mr. Hatch also reported the Paddock pure food bill.

The First Quarter.

They should be for a trial of Doctor Pollitt's Pleasant Pellets. Why? Because that feeling of dullness with debility or headache means that your liver isn't doing its part. One of these Little Pellets does the right thing in the right way. They cleanse and regulate the liver, stomach and bowels—thoroughly and effectively, but mildly and gently. They purify rather than force. One tiny, sugar-coated Pellet is a gentle laxative; three to four act as a cathartic. They're the smallest, but the best. There's less to take, but there's more good in it, when it's taken. They're the original Little Liver Pill, and they've never been equaled. Sick and Bilious Headaches, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are prevented, relieved, and cured. They're the cheapest pill you can buy, because they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

Insulted the Kaiser.

Sent to Prison for Two Years—An Insulted Workman Makes an Excellent Example in a Berlin Court.

Berlin, March 30.—A very exciting scene occurred Tuesday in a courtroom in this city. The occasion was the trial of a workman who had been taken in custody on the charge of having spoken very insultingly of Emperor William. During the entire proceedings in the court the prisoner kept up a continuous stream

BITTER TRUTH.

BUT MANY MEN ARE JUST SUCH FOOLS.

A sad story that of Henry C. Arms. A man of high abilities he had worked and struggled incessantly for riches. Justice seemed crowned his efforts he fell dead, struck down by nerve and brain prostration from overwork and overstrain in his drawing room, and his magnificent surroundings. He never lived to enjoy the fruits of his excessive overwork.

So it is with thousands. They work, using up their nerve force until they find themselves nervously nervous, powers of mind and thought weakened, nerves strung and unstrung, nights sleepless and unrefreshing, bodies tired and exhausted. There will often be confused mind, dim vision, loss of memory, feeling of anxiety, poor blood, malaria, indigestion, bowels constipated, liver and kidneys out of order. The after effects of the tired nerves, tend to exhaust and prostrate the nerves, and the weakened and scattered nervous system left in the train of this disease are alarmingly numerous.

If you have the above symptoms you are in a bad way, especially in spring, when the weakness of spring debility makes you worse and you should use immediately that great restorer of nerve force and power, the invigorator and strengthener of brain and nerves, Dr. Greene's Nervura. Purely vegetable and harmless. Druggists, \$1.



"I am completely broken down in health, and suffered from extreme exhaustion and could not rest day or night. I had rheumatism and neuritis in my sides, an all gone feeling in my stomach, and a terrible palpitation, causing me to think I had heart disease. I had to give up work. After consulting and treating with several eminent physicians with no benefit, I at last tried Dr. Greene's Nervura. I am now well, having gained 23 pounds in weight, and work every day. That trembling feeling and terrible throbbing and palpitation of the heart have left me."

W. G. MILES.

4 Manning St., Medford, Mass.

Dr. Greene, the successful specialist, in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 W. 11th Street, New York, can be consulted free, personally or by letters. Call or write to him about your case or send for symptom blank to fill out, and a letter fully explaining your disease, giving advice, &c., will be returned free.



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Agents for the Douglas Instantaneous Water Heater. This heater will heat three gallons of water per minute to 100 deg., taking the water at 60 deg. Consuming less than one cent's worth of gas for a large tub, allowing the price of gas at \$1.00 per 100 lbs.

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It is difficult to command words for a proper description of our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Stop and examine the fabrics. Hundreds of pieces within sight, on the shelves and counters, and remember that no two are alike. Every day new revelations greet us and keep us wondering how it is possible for human ingenuity to produce such wonderful art creations (for they are nothing less than rare works of art).

Among the new arrivals we have opened a large variety of all wool Suitings at 37 1/2c., 45c., 50c., 75c. and \$1.00 per yard. Such values will not even be attempted by any other store.

IN PATTERN DRESSES

We are beyond the reach of competitors. Complete line of High Art N. velvets in all desirable shades and textures from \$4.50 to \$12.50 for a full pattern.

IN EVENING SHADES

We also excel—the weaves are all new and fresh from the looms. Those new Crepons Silk Sublimes and Henriettas are rare and beautiful and must command your favor. Entirely new in this city are those Spring Shades in Diagonal and Chiffon effects at 75c., 85c. and \$1.

THE VOSSEN STOCK

Is drawing its own crowds and they are legion. Out of 1300 Cloaks invoiced by the appraisers of the Vossen stock 700 are yet unsold. They must be closed out at some price as speedily as possible. These 700 garments cover regular lines, such as Plush Cloaks, Newmarkets, jackets, Capes, etc. You will need no urging to buy if we have your size, the price will furnish the incentive.

IT WILL CREATE ANOTHER PANIC.

1100 pairs Ladies' good Hose on sale Monday morning at 5 cents a pair.

EQUALLY WONDERFUL.

153 dozen Ladies' Jersey, low neck sleeveless vests at 5 cents each. 11 dozen Balbriggan low neck, sleeveless vests, regular value 50 cents, will be closed out at 10 cents, commencing Monday morning.

A CORSET CRASH.

480 Misses' Corsets worth 40c. each. If you are in time you can buy one or more at 15c. each.

751 Ladies' Corsets at 25 cents, worth more than 50c. each, every one of them.

76 dozen Ladies' Corsets, worth \$1.00 anywhere, we close them out at 49 cts.

63 dozen regular \$1.25 Corsets will be sold at 69 cts.

47 dozen Corsets such as you have always paid \$1.50 to buy, will cost you this week but 79 cts.

LADIES' \$1.00 GLOVES AT 58c.

You cannot have too many of them and this chance will not last forever. There is not more than 1000 pairs left and they are going like a shower of falling blossoms.

ANOTHER BIG RIBBON CUT.

Will be inaugurated Monday morning to close out what is left of the Vossen stock. In fact the Vossen goods will furnish food for grand surprises every hour until it is finally gone. Every day tremendous crowds fill the store to overflowing and customers save in their purchases what it would take them weeks to earn.

OUR NEW SPRING CLOAKS.

Just in, furnish a museum of rare beauty. Your fondest dream may be realized in all qualities and styles that make ladies' outer garments attractive to the eye and comfortable to the wearer. Perfect fit, superior finish, newest styles, and popular prices are the harmonizing elements that induce ladies to settle the cloak purchasing question at once. Varieties unequalled in the world and unequalled in Grand Rapids.

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